

## LESSON 52

### Passive Forms of Verbs -Part 2

#### Method 2. Using the active tenses of the verb To Go - A Dhol

This is both a common spoken and written form.

The formation pattern is **active tense of verb To Go + subject + a + lenited verbal noun**.

The **a** is dropped before verbal nouns beginning with a vowel or beginning with **f + vowel**.

#### In the Future (Habitual Present) Passive :

| Active Future Verb     | Future Passive Construction                                  |
|------------------------|--|
| <b>Thèid - Will go</b> | Thèid an taigh a thogail - The house will be built           |
|                        | Thèid a' cheist a fhreagairt - The question will be answered |
|                        | Thèid an uinneag fhosgladh - The window will be opened       |
|                        | Thèid an dinnear ullachadh - The dinner will be prepared     |

For all other forms replace **Thèid** with appropriate form:

| Forms                         | Future Passive Construction                                  |
|-------------------------------|--|
| <b>Statement</b>              | Thèid an doras a dhùnadh - The door will be closed           |
| <b>Negative</b>               | Cha tèid an doras a dhùnadh - The door will not be closed    |
| <b>Interrogative</b>          | An tèid an doras a dhùnadh? - Will the door be closed?       |
| <b>Negative Interrogative</b> | Nach tèid an doras a dhùnadh? - Will the door not be closed? |

#### In the Past Passive:

| Active Future Verb   | Past Passive Construction                                 |
|----------------------|---|
| <b>Chaidh - Went</b> | Chaidh an taigh a thogail - The house was built           |
|                      | Chaidh a' cheist a fhreagairt - The question was answered |
|                      | Chaidh an uinneag fhosgladh - The window was opened       |
|                      | Chaidh an dinnear ullachadh - The dinner was prepared     |

For all other forms replace **Chaidh** with appropriate form:

| Forms                         | Past Passive Construction                                 |
|-------------------------------|---|
| <b>Statement</b>              | Chaidh an doras a dhùnadh - The door was closed           |
| <b>Negative</b>               | Cha deach an doras a dhùnadh - The door was not closed    |
| <b>Interrogative</b>          | An deach an doras a dhùnadh? - Was the door closed?       |
| <b>Negative Interrogative</b> | Nach deach an doras a dhùnadh? - Was the door not closed? |

## In the Conditional Passive:

| Active Conditional Verb     | Conditional Passive Construction                                |
|-----------------------------|---|
| <b>Rachadh † - Would go</b> | Rachadh an taigh a thogail - The house would be built           |
|                             | Rachadh a' cheist a fhreagairt - The question would be answered |
|                             | Rachadh an uinneag fhosgladh - The window would be opened       |
|                             | Rachadh an dinnear ullachadh - The dinner would be prepared     |

For all other forms replace **Rachadh** with appropriate form:

| Forms                         | Conditional Passive Construction                                 |
|-------------------------------|--|
| <b>Statement</b>              | Rachadh an doras a dhùnadh - The door would be closed            |
| <b>Negative</b>               | Cha rachadh an doras a dhùnadh - The door would not be closed    |
| <b>Interrogative</b>          | An rachadh an doras a dhùnadh? - Would the door be closed?       |
| <b>Negative Interrogative</b> | Nach rachadh an doras a dhùnadh? - Would the door not be closed? |

† See Lesson 30 for alternative conditional forms

When the subject of the sentence is a pronoun then the pronoun is replaced by its possessive adjective placed before the verbal noun. The possessive adjectives **mo**, **do** and **a** (his/its) lenite the following word whenever possible:

Thèid a thogail - I t (house = masculine) will be built

Cha tèid a fosgladh = I t (letter = feminine) will not be opened

Chaidh mo chumail air ais - I was kept back

An deach am bualadh? - Were they hit?

An rachadh a dhèanamh? - Would it be done

?Nach rachadh fhaicinn ann? - Would he not be seen there?

Method 2 is the preferred way where the subject is dative. In this situation the sequence is **active tense of verb To Go + verbal noun + preposition + subject**:

Thèid faighneachd dhen bhalach - The boy will be asked

Chaidh iarraidh air a' chaileig a dhol dhachaigh - The girl was requested to go home

Rachadh èisteachd ris an tidsear - The teacher would be listened to

With a pronoun subject the sequence becomes **active tense of verb To Go + verbal noun + prepositional pronoun**:

Thèid faighneachd dhìot - You will be asked

Chaidh iarraidh orm an cù a thoirt dhachaigh - I was requested to take the dog home

Rachadh èisteachd rium - I would be listened to

## EXERCISE 1 Change the following to Method 2

1. Thuirt an cathraiche gun cùmar a' choinneamh aig seachd uairean
2. Rugadh agus thogadh mi ann an Steòrnabhagh
3. Bhleoghainnte an crodh dà thuras gach là
4. Gheàrradh am feur agus thogadh na cruachan leis an tuathanach
5. Fàgar an cù na aonar fad an là
6. Cha do bhruidhneadh Gàidhlig riutha nuair a bha iad òg
7. Cuirear dhan leabaidh thu mura bi thu math
8. Chualas fuaim neònach taobh a-muigh
9. Glacar deagh bhrìc anns an abhainn sin
10. Clòbhuailear na leabhraichean ann an Dùn Èideann
11. Dh'iarradh orm a dhol gu taigh mo sheanmhar
12. Chìthear anns a' phàirc iad a h-uile meadhan-là
13. Nach do sgrìobhadh an seann leabhar sin le manaich
14. Caillear mòran obraichean le bhith a' dùnadh na mèinne

## EXERCISE 2

### a. Translate into Gàidhlig using Method 2

### b. Translate into Gàidhlig using Method 2 replacing the nouns subjects with pronouns

1. The thief was caught and put in prison
2. Many people were banished from their homes in the highlands
3. Dinner was made and eaten in less than an hour
4. The people were deceived when the taxes were increased
5. The baby would be given a new toy on her birthday
6. Neither the doors nor the windows were locked
7. Poverty is seen throughout Africa
8. The top of the mountain was reached by (tre) the difficult route
9. The boys were seen stealing in the shop
10. The game will be played in the rain
11. The stories will be translated from Gàidhlig to English
12. The car door was left unlocked (gun a ghlasadh)
13. The girl was be read to quietly
14. The boy will be spoken to tomorrow

## EXERCISE 3 Translate into Gàidhlig

1. Why was the food returned to the shop?
2. What was written in the letter you got from your sister?
3. When will the house be built?
4. Where will the game be played?
5. When was the road repaired?
6. Who was left without a drink?
7. How could (would) that be done?
8. Where are the dishes put?

1. Carson a chaidh am biadh a thilleadh dhan bhuth?
2. Dé chaidh a sgrìobhadh anns an litir a fhuair thu bho do phìuthar?
3. Cui a thèid an taigh a thogail?
4. Càit an tèid an gèama a chluich?
5. Cui a chaidh an rathad a charadh?
6. Co chaidh fhàgail gun deoch?
7. Ciamar a rachadh sin a dheanamh?

### LESSON 52: ANSWERS 3

1. Chaidh am biadh a thilleadh dhan bhuth?
2. Dé chaidh a sgrìobhadh anns an litir a fhuair thu bho do phìuthar?
3. Cui a thèid an taigh a thogail?
4. Càit an tèid an gèama a chluich?
5. Cui a chaidh an rathad a charadh?
6. Co chaidh fhàgail gun deoch?
7. Ciamar a rachadh sin a dheanamh?

### LESSON 52: ANSWERS 2b

10. Thèid an gèama a chluich anns an uisge
11. Thèid na sgeòil eadar-theangachadh bho Ghàidhlig gu Beurla
12. Chaidh doras a' chàir fhàgail gun a ghlasadh
13. Chaidh leughadh gun chailleag (chun na cailleig) gu samhach
14. Thèid bruidhinn ris a' bhalach a-màireach

1. Chaidh am mèirleach a ghilacadh agus a chur ann am prìosan
2. Chaidh mòran daoine fhudadachadh às an dachaidhean air a' Ghàidhealtachd
3. Chaidh dìnnear a dheanamh is ithe ann an na bu lugha na lethuir a thide
4. Chaidh na daoine a mhealladh nuair a chaidh na cìsean a mheudachadh
5. Rachadh déideag ur a thoir dhan leanabh air a co-la-breith
6. Cha deach na dorsan no na h-uinneagan a ghlasadh
7. Thèid bochdainn fhàicinn air feadh Afraga
8. Chaidh mullach na beinne a ruigsinn tre na slighe doirbhe
9. Chaidh na balach fhàicinn a' goid anns a' bhuth

### LESSON 52: ANSWERS 2a

1. Thuir an cathraiche gun tèid a' choinneamh a chumail aig seachd uairean
2. Chaidh mo bhreith agus mo thogail ann an Steòrnabhagh
3. Rachadh an crodh a bhleoghann dà thuras gach là
4. Chaidh am fear a ghearradh is na cruachan a thogail leis an tuathanach
5. Thèid an cù fhàgail na aonar fad an là
6. Cha deach Gàidhlig a bhruidhinn riutha nuair a bha iad òg
7. Thèid do chur dhan leabaidh mura bi thu math
8. Chaidh fuaim neònach a chluinntinn taobh a-muigh
9. Thèid deagh bhrìc a ghilacadh anns an abhainn sin
10. Thèid na leabhraichean a chlobhualadh ann an Dùn Èideann
11. Chaidh iarraidh orm a dhol gu taigh mo sheannmhar
12. Thèid am faicinn anns a' phàirc a h-uile meadhan-là
13. Nach deach an seann leabhar sin a sgrìobhadh le manach
14. Thèid mòran obràichean a chall le bhith a' dùnadh na mèinne