

# LESSON 10

## More Adverbs

The simplest way to form an adverb is by placing the word **gu** before an adjective:

luath - quick      Bha e a' ruith gu luath - He was running quickly  
math - good      A bheil thu gu math? - Are you well?  
slaodach - slow      Bha iad a' coiseachd gu slaodach - They were walking slowly

But many adverbs are not derived from adjectives:

Bidh mi aig an sgoil **a-màireach** - I will be at school **tomorrow**  
Bha e a' dol **dhachaigh** - He was going **home(ward)**

Adverbs are best placed into distinct categories

### Adverbs of Manner:

mar seo - thus, so      Bidh e ag obair mar seo - It works like this  
slaodach - slow      Bha iad a' coiseachd gu slaodach - They were walking slowly

### Adverbs of Place:

an siud - yonder      Tha i a' fuireach an siud - She lives over there

### Adverbs of Time:

an-dràsta - just now      Tha i a' dol dhan bhùth an-dràsta - She is going to the shop just now

The word **fìor - true** can precede adjectives in the same way as **cho**, **glè** and **ro** (see Lesson 2) and except for cho they all lenite the adjective whenever possible:

fìor - true      Tha e ag obair fìor mhath - He is working extremely well  
cho - so      Chan eil e a' dèanamh cho math - He is not doing so well  
glè - very      Tha mi glè mhath - I am very well  
ro - too, excessively      Bha i ag obair ro chruaidh - She was working too hard  
cho - so      Bha iad a' ruith cho slaodach - They were running so slowly

## NEW WORDS

### Adjectives

cruaidh - hard      deanadach - diligent, industrious, hard-working  
fìor - true      luath - fast, quick  
slaodach - slow      uile - all

### Adverbs

air fad - altogether, wholly, entirely      air leth - separately  
gu dearbh - indeed      gu lèir - entirely  
gu leòr - enough      idir - at all  
chèile - one another, together  
mar seo - like this, thus      mar sin - like that, thus

ma-tà, ma-thà - then	dhachaigh - home(ward)
sìos - down(wards)	shìos - down (in position)
a-nìos - up (from below)	a-nuas - down (from above)
suas - up(wards)	shuas - up(in position)
an seo - here	an sin - there
an siud - yonder	thall - over there
an siud 's an seo - here and there	thall 's a-bhos - here and there
a-steach - in (motion)	a-staigh - inside
a-mach - out (motion)	a-muigh - outside
a dh'aithghearr - soon	a-màireach - tomorrow
am-bliadhna - this year	an-dràsta - just now
an-dè - yesterday	a-nis - now
a-nochd - tonight	a-raoir - last night
an-uiridh - last year	a-rithist - again
chaoidh /a-chaoidh - ever (future tense)	cheana - already
daonnan - always	fhatthast - still, yet
gu bràth - forever	mar thà - already
a-riamh/a-riamh - ever (past & perfect tenses)	roimhe - before, previously

### EXERCISE 1 Translate into English

1. Tha e daonnan aig an sgoil, ach chan eil e ag obair gu math
2. Cha robh mi a-riamh toilichte ag obair aig muir
3. Bha e shuas anns an leabaidh
4. Gàidhlig gu bràth
5. Anns a' mhadainn an-diugh bha iad anns a' phàirc
6. Bha mi anns a' bhaile an-dè. A-màireach bidh mi a' dol dhan eaglais
7. Tha mi a' dol dhachaigh a-nis
8. Bidh sinn aig an taigh a-nochd
9. A bheil sibh fhathast sgìth? Tha gu dearbh
10. Nach eil iad daonnan trang?
11. An-uiridh bha sinn ann an Inbhir Nis, am-bliadhna bidh sinn ann am Portrigh.
12. Nach eil Màiri agus Calum a' bruidhinn ri chèile?
13. A bheil i a' fuireach còmhla ri Seumas? Chan eil idir, tha iad a' fuireach air leth
14. Am bi thu a' dol sìos an t-sràid? Bidh an dràsta

### EXERCISE 2 Translate into Gàidhlig

1. Were you ever in Glasgow? Yes
2. You will never work in this town
3. They are working together well enough
4. I stay here, Mòrag stays there, and Niall stays over yonder
5. I am going out to a ceilidh. Are you? No, I'm staying in
6. We were working there before
7. There was a man working over there yesterday
8. He will be running over the moor tomorrow

9. They were all together here yesterday
10. Are you going fishing (to fish) then? No I was fishing this morning already
11. The girl was playing outside on the street
12. Were you out running last night? Yes
13. He was walking home from the ceilidh
14. She was forever eating

1. An robh thu a-riamh ann an Glaschu? Bha
2. Cha bhi thu ag obair a chaoidh anns a' bhaile seo
3. Tha iad ag obair còmhla math gu leor
4. Tha mi a' fuireach an seo, tha Mòrag a' fuireach an sin, agus tha Niall a' fuireach an stud thall
5. Tha mi a' dol gu cèilidh. A bheil thusa? Chan eil, Tha mi a' fuireach a-staigh
6. Bha sinn ag obair an sin roimhe
7. Bha fear ag obair thall an sin an-dè
8. Bidh e a' ruith thairis air a' mhonadh a-màireach
9. Bha iad uile còmhla an seo an-dè
10. A bheil thu a' dol a dh'iasgach ma-tà? Chan eil, bha mi ag iasgach madainn an-diugh cheana
11. Bha an nighean a' cluich a-muigh air an t-sràid
12. An robh thu a-muigh a' ruith a-raoir. Bha
13. Bha e a' coiseachd dhachaidh bhon cèilidh
14. Bha i a-riamh ag ithe

#### LESSON 10: ANSWERS 2

1. He is always at (the) school, but he is not working well
2. I was never happy working at sea
3. He was up in (the) bed
4. Gàidhlig for ever
5. This morning they were in the park
6. I was in (the) town yesterday. Tomorrow I will be going to (the) church
7. I am going home now
8. We will be home (at the house) tonight
9. Are you still tired? Yes indeed
10. Are they not always busy?
11. Last year we were in Inverness, this year we will be in Portree
12. Are Màiri and Calum not speaking to one another?
13. Does she stay with Seumas? Not at all, they stay apart
14. Will you be going down the street? Yes just now

#### LESSON 10: ANSWERS 1